AESKU.READER
ELISA MTP EXTERNAL READER

AESKU.READER & SOFTWARE

The **AESKU.**READER Software is specially designed to communicate with the **HELMED**® ELISA Software and to semiautomat the use of ***AESKULISA***® reagents. This software manages the data of the **HELMED**® ELISA and the results of the AESKU® Absorbance Microplate Reader (**AESKU**.READER).

In addition, the **AESKU.**READER & Software can be used independently of the **HELMED**® system.

HOW DOES IT WORK?

1. Position the processed microtiter plate in the **AESKU.**READER.
2. By starting the **AESKU.**READER Software the plate layout will be transferred automatically from the **HELMED**® ELISA Software.
3. Start reading and calculation of the **AESKU.**READER.
4. Review the results.
5. Select report and print or save automatically.

WHAT ARE THE BENEFITS?

- FULL TRACEABILITY
  Using the plate layout from the **HELMED**® ELISA Processor will carry all the information from your sample, lots, automatic processing data etc.

- USER FRIENDLY
  AESKULISA® tests are preprogrammed for the **HELMED**® ELISA Software and **AESKU.**READER Software.

- DIGITAL RESULTS
  Define and select your report style and view or print the results.

- MULTI-CHANNEL READER
  Tightest specifications during microplate reading: Precise, accurate and repeatable.

- AUTOMATED CALIBRATION
  The on-board diagnostic self-test and calibration test plate makes it easy to confirm and document reader performance.

AESKU.READER

The AESKU® Absorbance Microplate Reader can be linked to the **HELMED**® ELISA software, or used as a stand alone unit. The external software named Gen5 Data Analysis Software is inclusive.
The Gen5 Data Analysis Software offers a logical interface designed to easily flow from reading parameters, to plate layout, to powerful data reduction, and finally to flexible data output options. The results of this intuitive design, including the exclusive StepWise™ protocol and data reduction tools and the power of Gen5's data reduction, will be evident in increased laboratory efficiency.